What you have to do:

- Pay your rent on time.
- Take care of your place.
- Use all utilities & appliances the right way.
- Dispose of your garbage the right way.
- Do your part to keep common areas clean & safe.
- Let the landlord come into your place (usually with 2 days' written notice) to inspect it or make repairs.
- Follow the landlord's rules.
- Tell the landlord if you're going to be away for 2 weeks or longer.
- It's a good idea to keep cancelled rent checks & copies of any letters you send to the landlord.
- If you get an eviction notice for unpaid rent, you have 7 days to pay (14 days to fix most other problems).
- If you get eviction papers from the sheriff, contact a lawyer (see other side).

What the landlord has to do:

- Make sure the rental unit meets health & safety codes.
- Limit security deposit to no more than 1 month's rent & return it or give an accounting within 35 days after lease ends.
- Inform you of tenant rules before you sign the lease.
- Supply hot & cold running water.
- Provide source of heat in winter.
- Maintain electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating & air conditioning systems in good working order.
- Keep common areas clean & safe.
- Provide at least 2 days' written notice of intent to enter your place, except in an emergency.
- Make repairs to keep the place safe & livable. (For problems affecting health & safety, make your request for repairs in writing. See The Alabama Tenants' Handbook for details.)
- Let you have peaceful enjoyment of your place.

What the landlord can't do:

- Raise the rent during the term of your lease.
- Threaten to cut services, raise the rent, or evict you because you complain to him or to the government about a problem affecting health or safety.
- Change the locks, shut off utilities, or put your things out to make you leave. She can send you an eviction notice if you break the lease, and the court can make you leave.

What the lease can't do:

- Ask you to relieve the landlord of his duty to provide a livable dwelling.
- Ask you to give up your rights regarding the security deposit (see column 2, second bullet).
- Ask you to limit the amount the landlord has to pay in case she violates the lease.
- Ask you to pay the landlord's attorney fees or the cost of collecting rent.